Introduced October 11, 2011, by Councilman Hicks

RESOLUTION R11-28

A resolution respectfully requesting that the Gulf Ecosystem Restoration Task Force ("Task Force"), currently led by EPA Administrator Lisa Jackson and Executive Director John Hankinson, include in their strategic restoration strategy to be submitted to the President of the United States, the recognition that current land loss rates in Coastal Louisiana indicate that this a "crisis" and make specific recommendations on changes to current federal processes to streamline and improve the permitting process required for coastal restoration efforts.

WHEREAS, on June 1, 2011 the U.S. Geological Survey ("USGS") released its report "Land Area Change in Coastal Louisiana from 1932-2010" (USGS Report), which calculated and quantified net land loss and gain rates in coastal Louisiana for the past 80 years; and

WHEREAS, the USGS Report determined that since 1932 coastal Louisiana has sustained a net land loss of over 1,883 square miles, which accounts for a loss of 25% of all land in the affected region, for which a copy of the land loss map is attached; and

WHEREAS, the USGS Report determined that trend analysis indicates that current wetland loss occurs at a rate of 16.57 square miles a year- equating to Louisiana's losing an area the size of a football field every hour; and

WHEREAS, although Louisiana contains approximately 40% of all coastal habitat in the lower 48 states, it accounts for 90% of coastal land loss; and

WHEREAS, the devastation and destruction caused by Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, Gustav, and Ike reinforced the tenet that a healthy, vibrant, and workable coast is necessary not just for our cultural and economic well being, but is a vital to our overall hurricane protection needs; and

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WHEREAS, the Deepwater Horizon oil spill, the largest environmental disaster in the United States, placed again the spotlight on Louisiana's coast and our impending land loss crisis; and

WHEREAS, as a result of the BP oil spill, President Barack Obama created the Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Task Force to create a federal restoration strategy to address the Gulf Coast's environmental issues, with particular emphasis being placed on Louisiana's coastal land loss crisis; and

WHEREAS, it is hoped and anticipated that 80% or more of Clean Water Act fines levied against BP and other responsible parties will be directed back to the areas affected to be used for coastal restoration and other initiatives, potentially billions of dollars for environmental restoration efforts; and

WHEREAS, even if the Task Force's recommendation to direct oil spill fines back to the Gulf Coast for restoration purposes is implemented, a vital component necessary for the efficient and timely restoration of our coast is the streamlining of the permitting process; and

WHEREAS, the current processes that dictate the permitting and approval of projects that are intended to restore and protect Louisiana's coast must follow the same arduous processes for a project that has no net benefit for coastal restoration/hurricane protection purposes; and

WHEREAS, even though there is agreement that Louisiana coastal land loss is at crisis levels, federal prioritization of coastal projects over other initiatives has not been fully realized.

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NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Slidell City Council respectfully requests that the Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Task Force recognize and make recommendations in their strategic restoration strategy on the following:

Recognize that current and historical land loss in coastal Louisiana confirms that Louisiana is in a crisis in which emergency action must be taken; and

Recognize that because Louisiana land loss rates are at crisis levels, the current emergency should be met with an appropriate level of federal response and addressed with a sense of urgency; and

Recommend in their strategic restoration strategy that the permitting and processing of coastal restoration projects be given a higher priority and fast-tracked by all participating agencies; and

Recommend in their strategic restoration strategy that appropriate resources and personnel be specifically allocated from each participating agency whose focus is to assist in the efficient processing of permits for coastal restoration projects; and

Recommend in their strategic restoration strategy that permitting processes for coastal restoration projects be granted "alternative arrangements" authorization, or similar processes, that was provided by the White House's Council on Environmental Quality to the Army Corps of Engineers for their work on the greater New Orleans' Hurricane and Storm Damage Risk Reduction System (HSDRRS) projects, which allows for the fast track implementation and "mitigation after the fact".

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I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true and correct copy of a Resolution adopted by the Slidell City Council at a meeting held in the City Council Chambers, 2045 Second Street, Slidell, Louisiana, on Tuesday, October 11, 2011.

The aforesaid resolution, having been submitted to a vote, the vote therein was as follows:

YEAS: 8

NAYS: 0

ABSENT: 1

ADOPTED this 11th day of October, 2011.

Landon Cusimano

President of the Council

Councilman-at-Large

Thomas P. Reeves Council Administrator

Homo PReure

Plaquemines Parish Government

Parish President **Billy Nungesser**

COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT

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Council Members

District 1 - Percy V Griffin
District 2 - Keith Hinkley
District 3 - Kirk Lepine
District 4 - Dr. Stuart J Guey Jr.
District 5 - Anthony Buras
District 6 - Burghart Turner
District 7 - Jeff Edgecombe
District 8 - Byron Marinovich
District 9 - Marla Cooper

June 20, 2011

My fellow Elected Officials of Coastal Louisiana,

On June 1st, 2011 the U.S. Geological Survey released its report "Land Area Change in Coastal Louisiana from 1932-2010" (USGS Report), which calculated and quantified net land loss and gain in coastal Louisiana for the past 80 years. This report certified that since 1932 coastal Louisiana has sustained a net land loss of over 1,883 square miles and determined that current wetland loss occurs at a rate of 16.57 square miles a year- equating to our losing an area the size of a football field every hour. Clearly, Louisiana coastal land loss is at a crisis level.

Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, Gustav, and Ike reinforced the tenet that a healthy, vibrant, and workable coast is necessary not just for our cultural and economic well-being but is a vital component to our overall hurricane protection needs. The Deepwater Horizon oil spill, the largest environmental disaster in the United States, placed again the spotlight on Louisiana's coast and our impending land loss crisis.

These natural and man-made disasters have finally spurred the federal government's top leaders to focus their efforts on our plight that is a national issue. In response to the BP oil spill, President Obama created the Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Task Force ("Task Force") charged with the directive to create a federal response to address the Gulf Coast's environmental issues, with particular emphasis being placed on Louisiana's coastal land loss. By October 2011, the Task Force must present to the President a restoration strategy for the Gulf Coast.

It is hoped and anticipated that 80% or more of Clean Water Act fines levied against BP and other responsible parties will be directed back to the affected areas for coastal restoration and other initiatives-potentially billions of dollars for environmental restoration efforts. This recommendation has been iterated in the Mabus Report, the National Oil Spill Commission on the BP Deepwater Horizon Spill Report, and by numerous federal, state, and locally elected officials and NGOs. The Task Force should voice its support for the same.

But even if the Task Force's recommendation to direct oil spill fines back to the Gulf Coast is implemented, a vital component necessary for efficient and timely restoration is the streamlining of the permitting process. The current processes that dictate the permitting and approval of projects that are intended to restore and protect Louisiana's coast must follow the same arduous processes for a project that has no net benefit for coastal restoration. This must change. Without the resources and processes in place that can

effectively and efficiently implement restoration, even if we receive adequate funding to initiate restoration activities, current processes will bog us down and hamper true progress.

The attached resolution petitions the Gulf Ecosystem Restoration Task Force to include in their strategic restoration strategy the recognition that current land loss rates in coastal Louisiana indicate that we are in a "crisis" and make specific recommendations on changes to current federal processes to streamline and improve the permitting process required for coastal restoration efforts.

I respectfully request that this resolution be submitted and approved by your appropriate elected bodies so that we may show one unified voice in Washington D.C.

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Sincerely

Plaquemines Parish President

P.J. Hahar

Director of Coastal Zone Management

Attachment